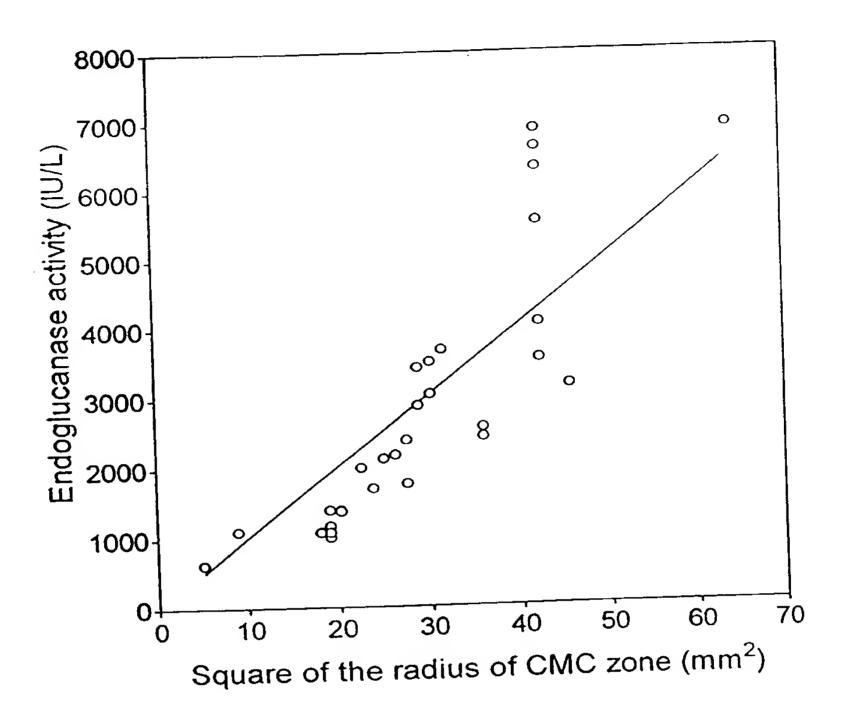


Fig. 4



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-35 region #

1051 CTTTTCGG<u>C_ATGAG</u>CAACC_AACATTTCA_AGG<u>TATCAT</u>C_CTGATGCGCA

1101 ATATCGGCAT CGGTTAGCCA TAACCATTTT ACCTGTCCGG CGGCCTTAAT
1151 ACCTTGATCA GATGGTTCGT GGTGTTGTTA CCTTGCCGAA GGGCACCGGT
1201 AAAAATGTTC GCGTCGGTGT TTTCGCCCGT GGCCCGAAAG CTGAAGAAGC
1251 TAAAGCTGCT GGTGCAGAAG TTGTCGGCGC AGAAGACCTG ATGGAAGCCA

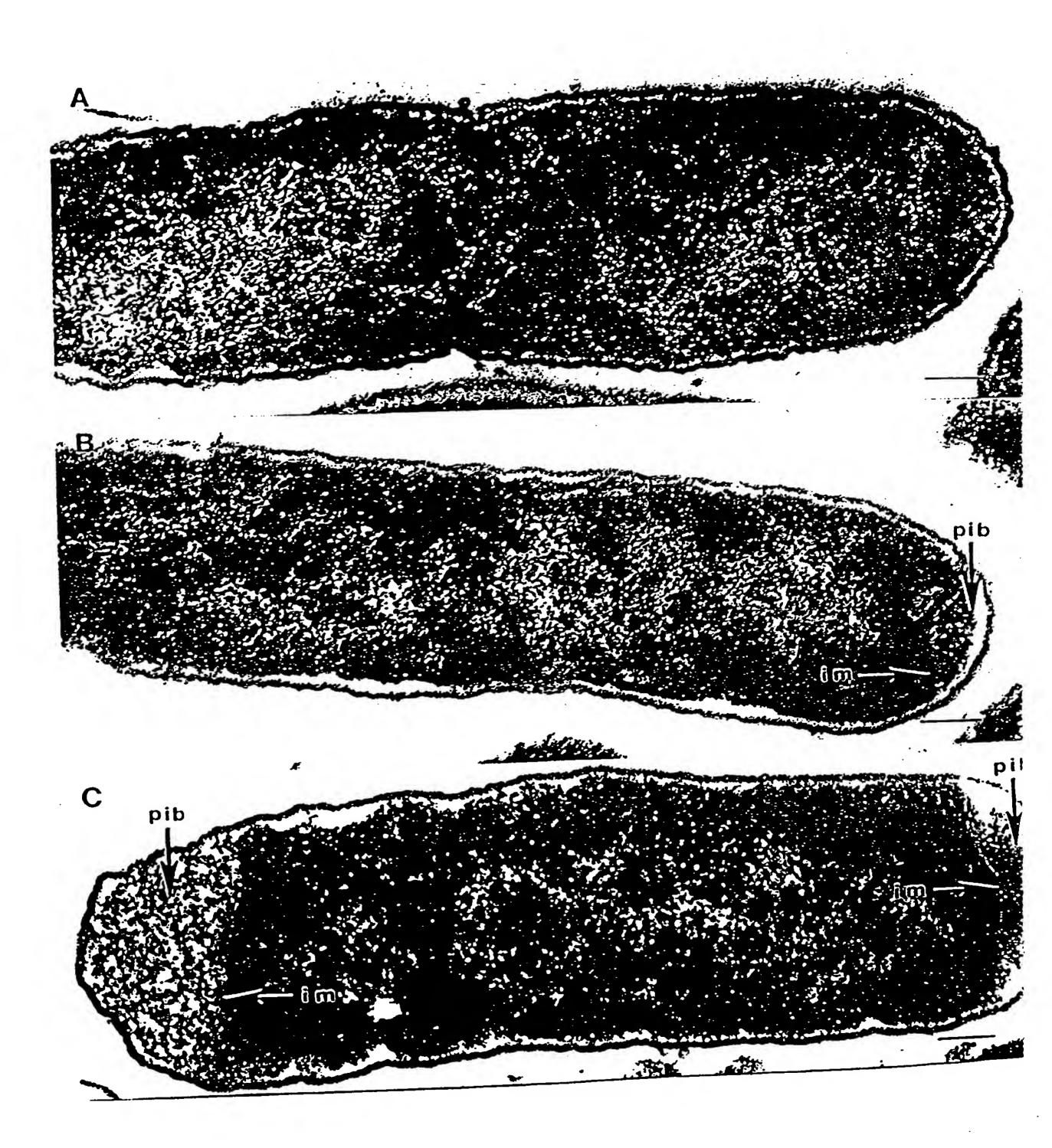
-35 region -35 region 1301 TTCAGGGCGG CAGCA<u>TTGAT T</u>TCGATCGTG ATGCCCTT<u>TA TACT</u>GAAATT

1351 GCCTTGCGCT GCCATAATGA AGCAGCCTCC GGTGTTTTGG CAGATTTAAG

Shine-Dalgarno
1401 CGCTGCCTGA TTTTCGTgat cctctagagt ctatgaaatg gagattcatt

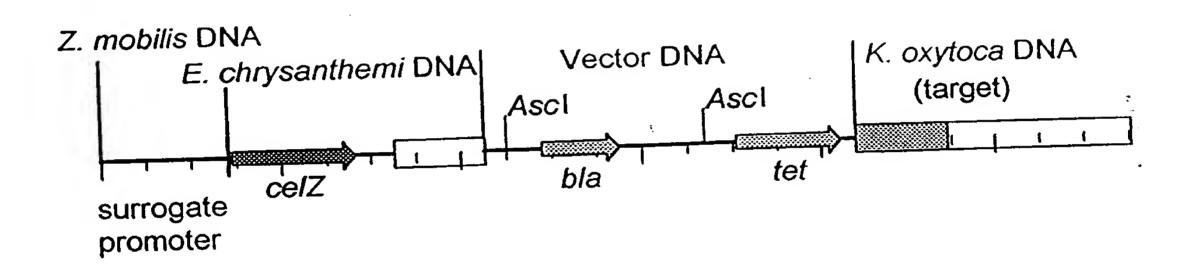
celZ coding region->
1451 tatgcctctc tcttattcgg ataaccatcc agtcatccgc aagcttggcc

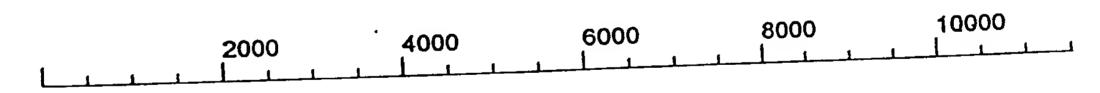
Fig. 6



F.

Fig. 7 2X Ascl linkers Sapi mcs Ndel Ndel / Klenow / linker; then, Sapl / Klenow / linker pUC19 bla 2.7 kbp Ascl ASCI. **EcoR**1 pLO12302 bla 2.7 kbp 6 910 pBR322 4.4 kbp Psh I Klenow EcoRI / Aval / Klenow - Andi Ascl % Klebsiella genomic DNA pLOI2303 4.2 kbp te, EcoRI/Klenow Ascl smal **EcoR**I Klebsiella fragment WIL ASC celZ pLOI2183 pLOI2305 ~7.5 kbp ~7 kbp pla EcoRI Sphi Klenow Sphi Asch Rep(ts)EcoRI | Klenow Klebsiella koofieti tet Asci Ascl No replicon circular DNA, ≂10-kbp celZ pLOI2306 AscI / T4 DNA ligase ~11.5 kbp tet cel ZKlebsiella fragment





pLOI2306 (11520 bps)

Fig. 9

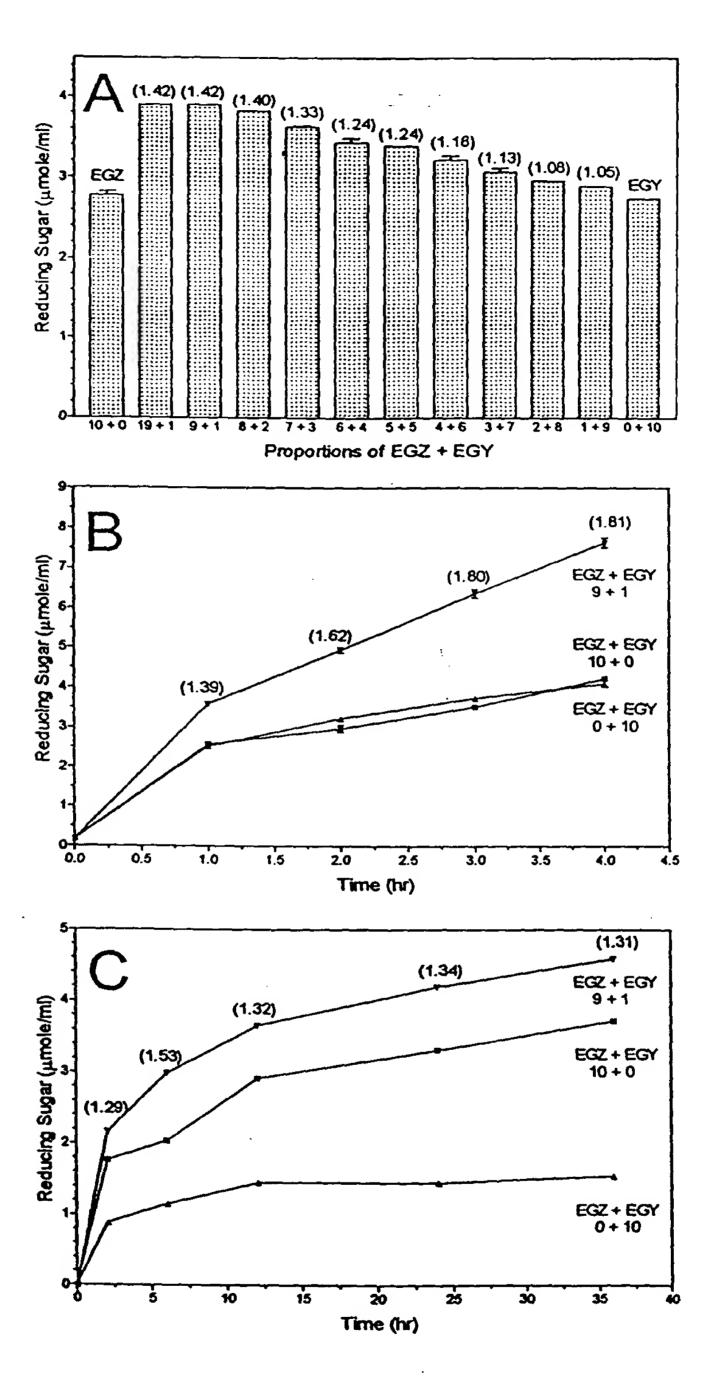
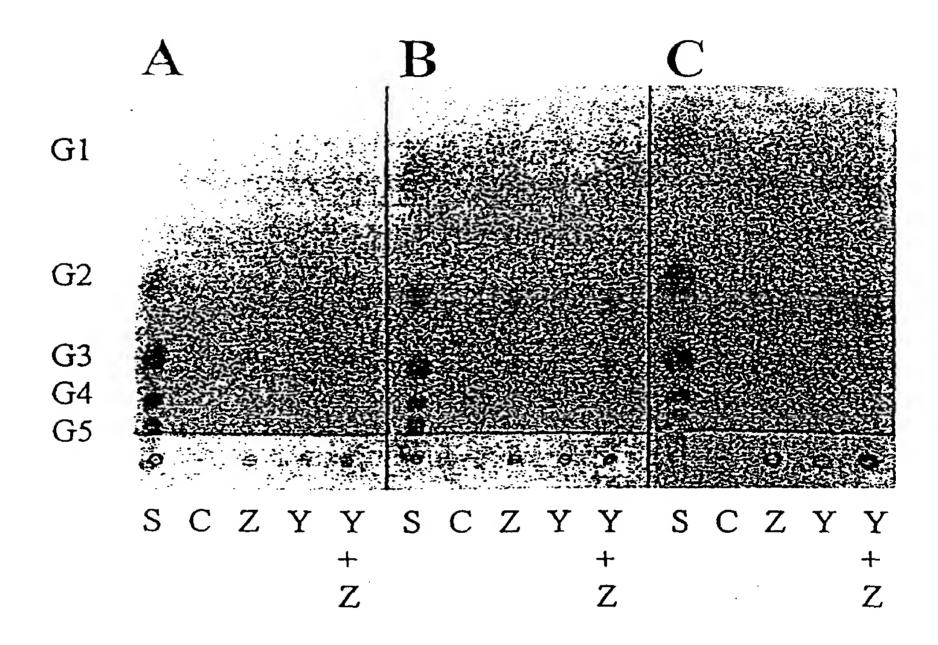
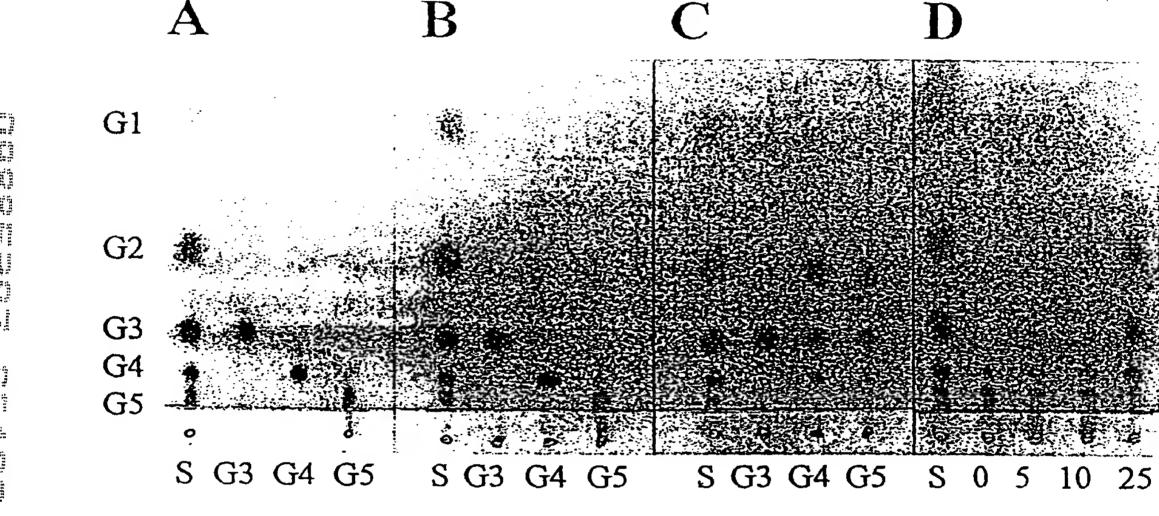


Fig. 10





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Fig. 12

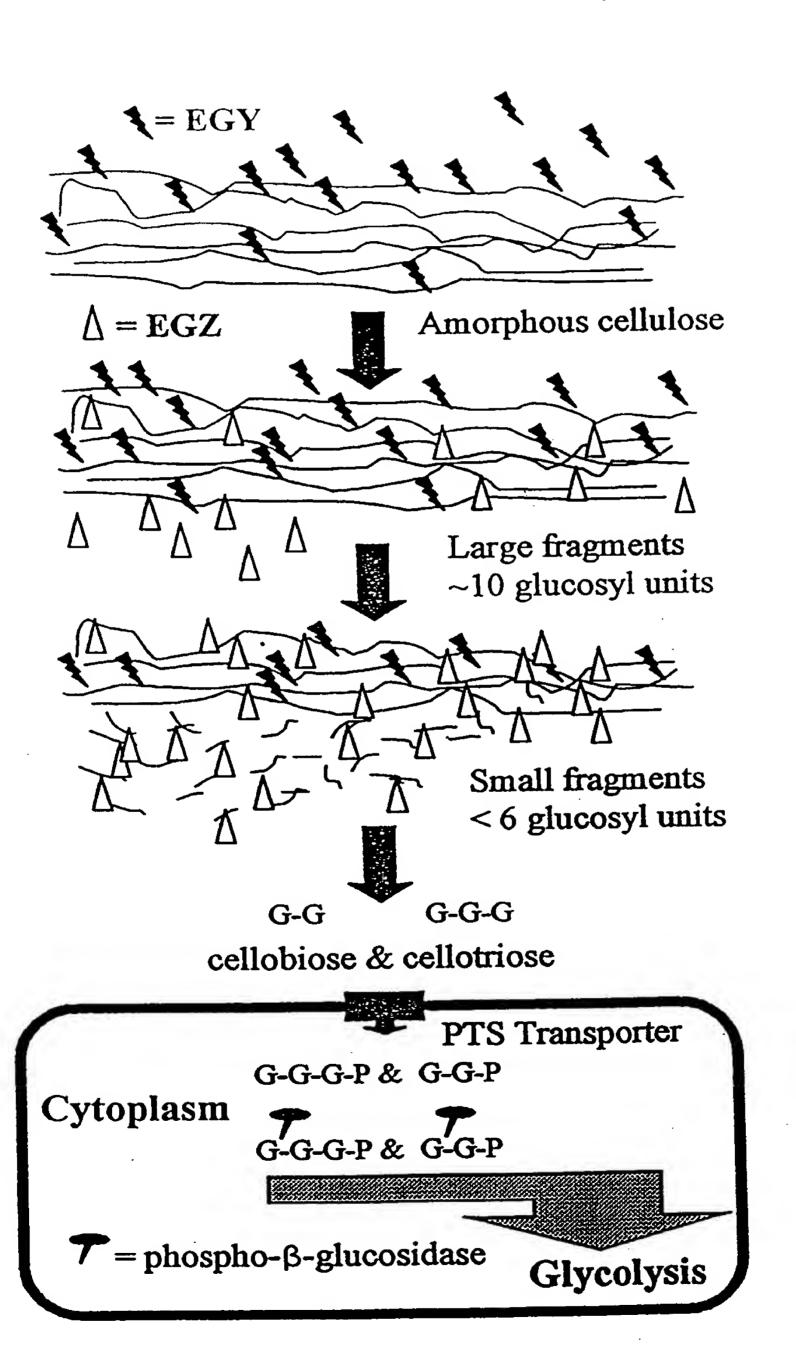
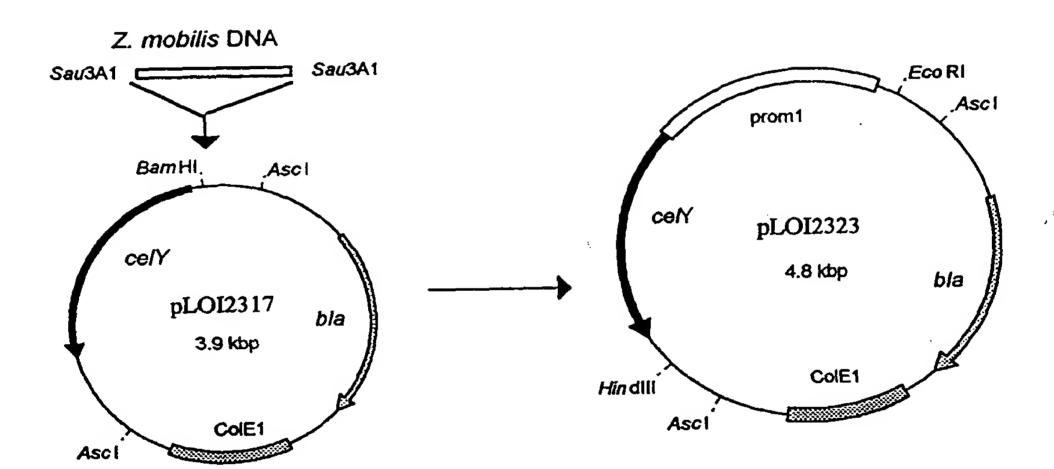


Fig. 13



Position (bp)	-35	RNA Start	Proposed § factors	δ factor consensus sequence	sensus
				-35	-10
	ATATITITICATITITICAAGAAAAGCCTGATATCTTCCAACATCTT	T (2)	870	TTGACA	TATAAT
	GATITGAICCTCTAGAGTCAACCTGCTTGTIACTCGTGATCCCAT	A (4)	870	TTGACA	TATAAT
	GAGTCAACCTGCTTGTTACTCGTGA <u>TCCCAT</u> TCACAAGGGCGAA	C(1)	832	CTTGAAA	CCCCAT
	TTACTCGTGATCCCATTCACAAGGGCGAATTAATTCGCCCTT	C(3)	δ^{38}	CCGCCT	TATACT

numbered in parenthesis adjacent to the start site in decending order from the strongest. Differences in intensities were small, within 2-fold. * Transcriptional starts for cell were identified by primer extension analysis. Four promoters were identified. Upstream sequence of these promoters with similarity to E. coli -35 and -10 regions are marked with underlines. RNA start sites are bolded. Putative promoters are

Fig. 14

Fig. 15

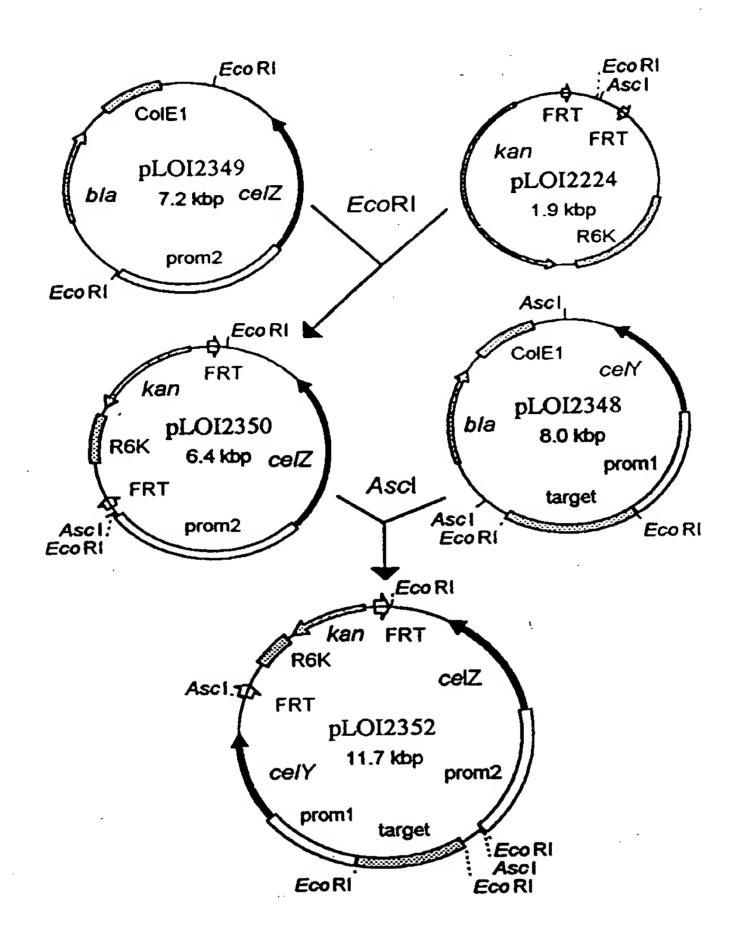


Fig. 16

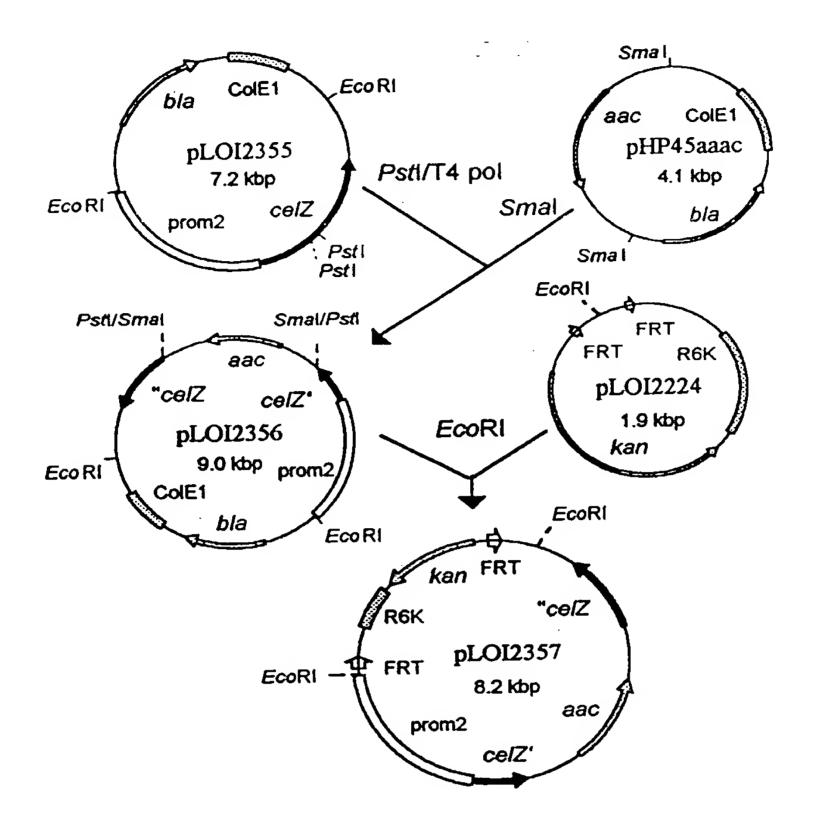
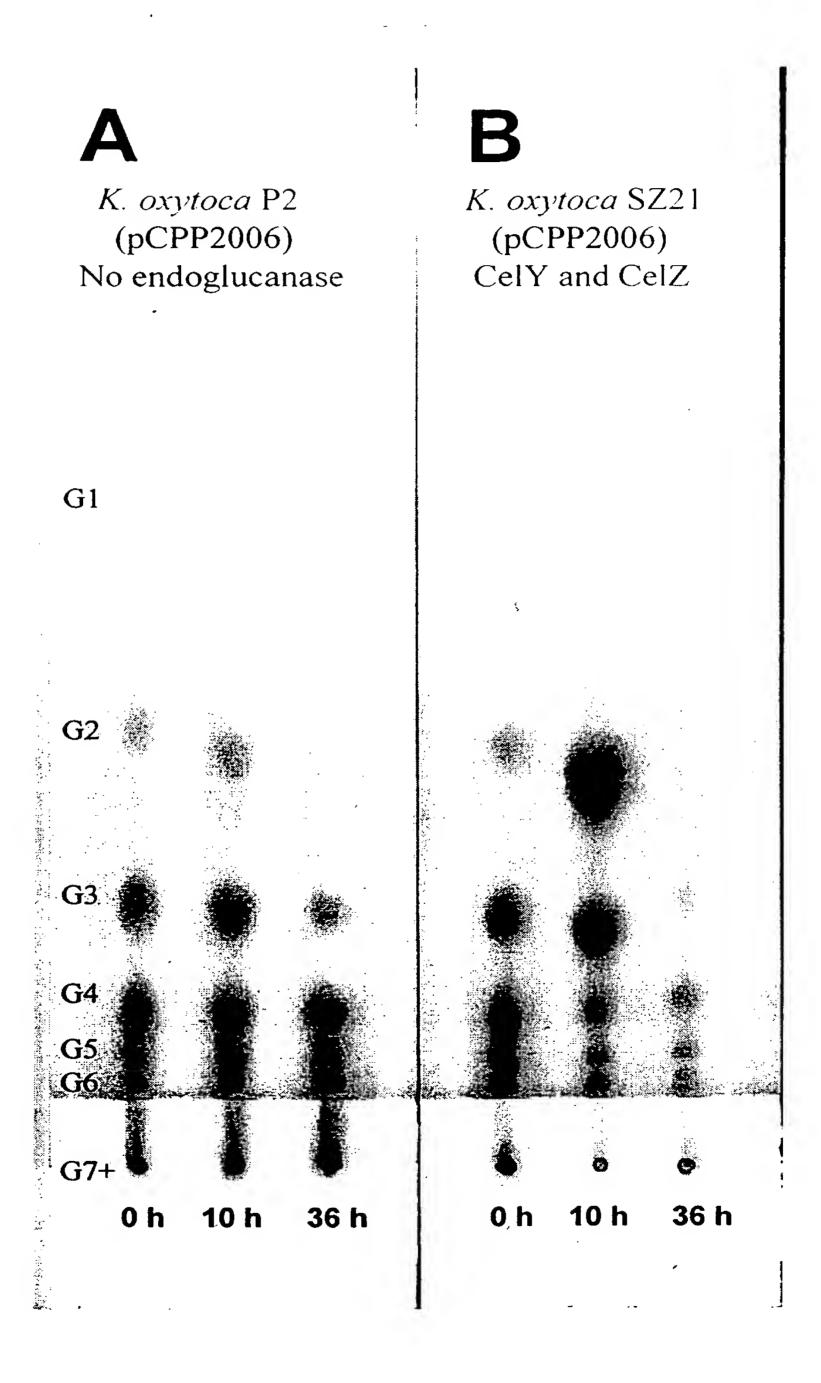


Fig. 17



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Fig. 18

